

LAST WEEK OF LIBERTY DRIVE; ONLY FOUR-NINTHS TAKEN

Subscriptions Officially Reported, Now Total \$1,657,979,350
—Secretary Glass Has Sent to All Campaign Committees a Strong Appeal For a Final Effort to Exceed the Minimum Quota of \$4,500,000,000 — New England Has Raised Less Than 50 Per Cent. of Its Quota.

Washington, May 4.—With subscriptions to the Victory Liberty Loan campaign to a greater extent than in any of the four previous loan campaigns, Secretary of the Treasury Glass tonight at the beginning of the third and closing week of the drive sent to all campaign committees a strong appeal for a final effort that would not only raise but exceed the minimum quota of \$4,500,000,000.

The treasury today received no official reports on subscriptions, but on the basis of subscriptions tabulated last night slightly more than one-third of the minimum quota has been raised. Unofficial reports received today were said to indicate that at the outside not more than four-ninths of the loan had been subscribed.

Official figures for the various stages of the first and second Liberty loans are lacking, but the best available information was said to indicate that on the eve of the final week more than four-ninths of the loan had been taken in each drive. At the start of the final week two-thirds of the total had been subscribed and at the beginning of the third week of the loan campaign about three billion dollars or one-half the total had been raised.

Total subscriptions officially reported in the Victory campaign total \$1,657,979,350. To reach the minimum quota slightly more than \$4,500,000,000 must be raised daily beginning tomorrow and ending Saturday night.

Treasury officials, however, were not pessimistic tonight. The work of the loan drive, because of the relatively small amount of money now being raised, was what one campaign director termed "the money." However, it was said that in the last week of the campaign through solicitation from bankers, manufacturers and industrial firms and other interests, the portion of the nation's population able to contribute in small amounts would be overlooked.

The final week of the campaign is expected to see an interesting race between the various campaign committees.

SECY GLASS MAKES FINAL APPEAL FOR VICTORY LOAN

Washington, May 4.—The Victory Liberty Loan campaign is two-thirds over, but subscriptions have been reported for little more than one-third of the loan drive.

It is conceivable that the American people, who with heart and soul waged the fight for freedom, will permit this loan of victory and thanksgiving to fail.

"Our sons gave of their health, of their strength and of their lives for the freedom of the world. There are one and a half million American boys in France and Germany. Now that the war is ended, let us show our appreciation by lending our money to pay the cost of victory."

Is American money less willing than American manhood?

"Let every one of the millions who have bought Liberty bonds buy Victory notes and success is assured."

—"Secretary of the Treasury."

MOVEMENTS OF MEMBERS GERMAN PEACE DELEGATION

Versailles, May 4.—(By the A. P.)—The question of the German peace delegation as the peace negotiations, so far as can be ascertained, has not been raised by the German delegates. Certainly it was not touched upon at the meeting of the German and German credentials commissions here Thursday.

The Germans had indicated in reserve and according to indications, would probably have raised it had the inter-allied representatives at the meeting questioned their right to speak for Germany with Bavaria in rebellion, or enjoying semi-independence, but were so satisfied that the German mission would be accepted as a matter of course that they did not go out of their way to seek trouble.

There has been no meeting of the German and inter-allied commissions since then, but the inter-allied commission met today at the Hotel d'Orsay in Paris to prepare a report which will be submitted to the Germans in writing. Henry White represented the United States. It is understood that the inter-allied representatives found nothing to question in the German documents.

Churchmen among the German delegation were few in number. Baron von Lersner and Herr Giesberts, accompanied by several subordinate members of the delegation, attended the morning service in the Catholic church, while three German men and two women occupied reserved pews in the French Protestant church. The women returning with bouquets which they had purchased during the morning made, were attended in each case by French secret service agents.

The Germans planned a sightseeing excursion for this afternoon to Trianon and Little Trianon and had requested permission to visit the historic apartments of Madame Maintenon and Marie Antoinette. The necessary permits were not received, however, and the project had to be abandoned.

TWO BUSINESS BLOCKS BURNED AT MILFORD, N. H.

Milford, N. H., May 4.—Fire early today destroyed two business blocks, damaged a third and for a time threatened the west end of the town. Assistance was summoned from Nashua and the firemen at one time fought the flames from rafts in the Souhegan river. The loss is estimated at \$35,000.

HAD CHARGE OF RECEPTION OF GERMAN DELEGATES

British aviators await favorable weather.

St. John's, N. F., May 4.—Harry G. Hawker and Captain Frederick P. Raynham, the British aviators contending for first honors in a transatlantic flight, were today recalled home by a telegram from the British government compelling them to postpone their "hop off" again today when meteorological reports from mid-ocean, in face of perfect flying conditions here, once more showed adverse winds and weather far at sea.

At 10 o'clock this morning, with a bright sun shining and a fair breeze waiting seaward, both men announced possibility of a start during the afternoon, but with new reports from ships at sea their plans had to be abandoned. The fliers tonight began their fourth week of waiting for an opportunity to start.

Official prediction of rain for England for the next two days was received here, and is accepted as indicating a delay of more than 48 hours.

WOMEN TO HAVE REP. STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES

Washington, May 4.—Organization plans for the 12th presidential campaign will be considered at a conference to be held here May 22 and 23. It was announced today that the meeting will be attended by state chairmen of the men's and women's republican state central committees and members of the national republican committee. It will be the first joint conference held since women were admitted to the party's councils.

Good things go as easily as bad things come.

Cabled Paragraphs

French Diplomats Resign.

Paris, Saturday, May 3.—Ferdinand Buisson and Deputy Compteur-Morel have complied with a demand of the socialist party that they resign their positions as commissioners for mercantile marine and agriculture as a protest against the events of May day.

SIBERIA TROOPS ARE PUSHING CLOSE TO CAMARA

Beliebel, Province of Orenburg, Southeast Russia, Monday, April 21.—(By the A. P.)—The advance of the pushing close to Samara and Orenburg. It is reported that the latter town is being evacuated by the Bolsheviks and is expected that a fortnight will see the capture of Samara by the Siberians. To the northward the Siberians have occupied Bugulma, Manselinsk and Glazov. The morale of the troops is excellent.

The retreatment of the Czechs from the southeastern Russian front, at first regarded as a calamity, has been greatly offset by the new spirit, self-reliance and patriotism shown by the new troops. The advance of the Czechs, which has been almost continuous since the first of the year, has been carried practically to the present day. It is expected that the Siberians will undertake a drive soon with the River Volga as their objective.

The front is held by an army of 200,000 officers and men organized since Admiral Kolchak took control five months ago. The various divisions were not co-ordinated, the respective leaders of the various organizations operating secretly with the common object of stopping the Bolshevik invasion. These commands have been cemented into a responsible disciplined body of troops under the direction of a general staff. A second army of 200,000 men is being formed in the rear.

As a result of the efforts of Great Britain, France and the United States, recently the Third Siberian Corps operating here received 350,000 rifles, forty-five cannon and equipment for 100,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry. Training schools for officers have been opened with British assistance at Omsk, Novosibirsk, Novonikolayevsk and Vladivostok.

NEW ENGLAND HAS NOT RAISED 50 PER CENT. OF QUOTA

Boston, May 4.—Penrose Halliwell, executive chairman of the Liberty loan committee of New England, in a statement tonight said: "The Victory Liberty loan campaign in New England is in a critical position. The campaign is now two-thirds over, and yet New England has raised less than fifty per cent. of her quota. New England has always done her part in other campaigns and she has got to do this time. Our government incurred great debts to win the war with victory, and these debts must be paid; it is our duty to pay them."

The Liberty loan committee, without putting any pressure on the individual and corporation. In view of the unusually active campaign being carried on by the government, it is necessary to put New England over the top."

DEMONSTRATION AT BUENOS AIRES HAS BEEN SUSPENDED

Buenos Aires, Saturday, May 3.—The organization which had arranged for an anarchistic demonstration on Sunday announced today that its plans had been suspended. This action followed the placarding of the city by the vigilance committee with posters threatening to shoot down any persons attempting a demonstration.

WATERBURY'S HONOR ROLL DEDICATED SUNDAY

Waterbury, Conn., May 4.—Connecticut's debt of gratitude to the men who won the war was the keynote of the dedication of Waterbury's honor roll this afternoon. The honor roll, which lists 5,000 men who joined the colors from this city were present at the ceremony. The tablet carries the names of the 116 who died in France.

OBITUARY

Rev. Dr. Walter J. Shanley.

Danbury, Conn., May 4.—Rev. Dr. Walter J. Shanley, D.D., best known member of the Catholic clergy in New England, died at St. Peter's rectory here today at the age of 64. He gained a wide reputation as a vigorous temperance advocate and reform leader. He was a Knight of the Order of Leopold of Belgium.

After Shanley's death, the permanent rector of St. Peter's church here, had been ill two weeks, and the immediate cause of death was cardiac collapse.

Father Shanley was educated at St. Charles college, Elliptic City, Md., and at the theological seminary at Baltimore. He was ordained in 1890 by Cardinal Gibbons. For a time he was located at St. Augustine's church, Hartford, Conn., where he became rector of St. Joseph's cathedral in 1904. He remained there 20 years. He came to St. Peter's in 1924. He was opposed to the use of flowers at funerals and followed in St. Peter's church on such occasions.

CHAIN OF U. S. DESTROYERS STRETCHED ACROSS ATLANTIC

Trepanay, N. F., May 4.—The first seven links in the chain of naval destroyers to be stretched across the Atlantic by the United States navy for its trans-oceanic flight reached this Newfoundland base today and after replenishing their fuel and supplies will proceed to the Azores. Their objective is to reach their stations by May 16.

This first flotilla, to be followed at one day intervals by two other groups of equal strength, was commanded by Captain Harry A. Baldrige of the destroyer Stockton. Leaving New York City, the fleet sailed on from Fire Island to Trepanay Bay, it navigated 1,100 miles entirely by directional wireless, with which the giant trans-Atlantic seaplanes will be equipped.

Only the destroyer Greedy, No. 92, which arrived yesterday, sailed for her ocean station today.

Active preparations are in progress at the station as the fleet is to be the eastern passage of Halifax harbor for the reception of the naval aviators.

FOUR DESTROYERS HAVE ARRIVED AT HALIFAX

Halifax, N. S., May 4.—Four United States destroyers arrived at this port today in connection with plans for the trans-Atlantic flight.

The destroyers, the Stevens, No. 56, McKee, No. 57, Robinson, No. 58, and the Greedy, No. 92, were met here by the British fleet and will proceed to their stations in the Atlantic along the course of the projected flight from Rockaway to Cape Cod.

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U.S. Planes Ready for Belgium Upset By "Hop Off" Tomorrow

First Stop Is to Be Made at Halifax — Each Plane Will Carry 24,000 Pounds.

New York, May 4.—The three big airplanes in which United States aviators will attempt a flight across the Atlantic will "hop off" for Newfoundland on the first leg of their journey 7 o'clock Tuesday morning if weather permits. It was officially announced at the Rockaway beach naval training station tonight.

The first stop on the flight to Newfoundland is scheduled for Halifax, N. S., 540 nautical miles from New York. The fliers expect to reach Halifax by three o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

After lying there overnight they will fly early Wednesday morning to Trepanay, N. F.

Petition Has Been Presented King Albert Urging Him to Refuse to Sign Treaty

Brussels, May 4.—Public opinion in Belgium has been upset by the news from Paris concerning what is described as the unsatisfactory decisions reached by the peace conference respecting Belgium.

Newspapers of all shades of opinion expressed their discontent and it is said the Belgian government might appeal directly to public opinion in the United States and in Great Britain, recalling the formal promises made to Belgium by the responsible heads of both those countries.

The burgomaster of Antwerp in a proclamation last night informed the inhabitants that he has sent to the Belgians a petition signed by 10,000 names.

Can You Say the War is Over

—when our boys are still overseas,
—when their wounds are not yet healed,
—when their compensation remains in part unpaid,
—when bills contracted in aid of their victory call loudly for funds?
You're not asked to contribute—only to invest in "VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN securities."
Please don't delay.
At Any Bank—Cash or Instalments.

Condensed Telegrams

Canadian trade for fiscal year March 31 dropped off \$37,232,522.
Third day's sales at the Louis four auction amounted to \$734,670.
American investigators report German railway service demoralized.
Secretary of War Ball predicts aerial commerce within the present year.
Price of anthracite coal will be ten cents higher each month from now to October.
Japan claims \$175,000,000 indemnity from Germany, covering thirty-one vessels sunk.
Wool machinery in operation in April showed an increase for the first time this year.
Western Union Telegraph Co. announced reduction of 10 cents a word in cable rates to Porto Rico.
According to private advices in Washington, Marshal Foch will visit the United States in November.
The scheme to investigate Bolshevik presence in New York will be mapped out at a conference tomorrow.
Seventy persons were killed and more than 200 injured as a result of the curfew in Antwerp.
Twenty-five ships were allocated by the Shipping Board in last two days. Majority of them go to European food relief.
Copper production of Anaconda in April amounted to 13,750,000 pounds, compared with 13,900,000 pounds in March.
United States Shipping Board allocated the steamer Quanaosa to carry general cargo from New York to Buenos Aires.
German delegates reported going to sail for Buenos Aires to make purchases of cereals, meats and other foodstuffs.
The 302d Engineers, last important unit of the 7th Division, arrived at New York from Brest, on the Nieuw Amsterdam.
Mayor Ole Hanson, of Seattle, said the government should hang or incinerate for life all the anarchists in this country.
Italy announced direct postal communication with Germany. Both ordinary and registered letters may now be sent direct.
An English manufacturing company announced it is preparing to put on the market an automobile that can be retailed for \$250.
Legislation to control the beef packers will be one of the first important measures brought before the Senate, it was announced.
Reports received at Copenhagen say that the Bolsheviks in Petrograd are in panic, owing to the advance of Admiral Kolchak's army.
New Orleans & South American Steamship Co. will begin its monthly service to the west coast of South America early in June.
Villa captured Parral, in the State of Chihuahua, and demands \$100,000 from mining companies, including American Smelting & Refining Co.
Chamber of Commerce of the United States estimated winter wheat crop at 900,000,000 bushels, or 32 per cent. greater than the record crop of 1914.
Edgar Morris, son of a Green county, Virginia, deputy sheriff, wanted on two charges of murder, was arrested in a rooming house in Elkin, W. Va.
According to the Echo de Paris the peace treaty will give rise to the contracting parties entering into a league of nations is needed.
It was decided in Philadelphia that the 28th Division would not parade as a unit on May 30.
Production of cane sugar in Louisiana for the season beginning in the fall of 1918, was 631,500,000 pounds, compared with 587,200,000 pounds in 1917.
New York Cotton Exchange will close next Tuesday when the 77th Division parades. The New Orleans Cotton Exchange will close in accordance with the agreement between the exchanges.
Julius H. Barnes, United States Wheat Director, declared in Duluth that he looked for a shortage of 200,000,000 bushels of grain as a result of suspension of export from Russia, Rumania and India.

SHOWS SOLIDITY OF THE NATIONAL BANKING SYSTEM

Washington, May 4.—Comptroller of the Currency Williams in a statement today called attention to the solidity of the national banking system, as illustrated by the fact that in the last four months only one small national bank with \$200,000 capital, failed. In the last sixteen months only two national bank failures were recorded. At the same time the number of national banks is growing and their earnings are increasing, said Mr. Williams.

"A knowledge of these facts must necessarily give inspiration and fresh courage to all business men, and the comptroller's statement, 'for our economic history shows that every commercial panic and business prostration in the past has been precipitated by financial disorders and banking crises.'"

Contrasting the position of national and state banks, the comptroller declared that in three months ending March 31 last twenty-four institutions under state supervision failed, while fifty and sixty state institutions failed in the fifteen months ending last April 1.

"In the four months ending April 30, six state charters were granted to new national banks, three were refused and 113 applications are pending."

LAWRENCE POLICE HAVE SECURED A MACHINE GUN

Lawrence, Mass., May 4.—The police announced tonight that they had obtained a machine gun and men to man it and that it would be used if they consider it necessary in connection with any serious street disturbances of strike demonstrations.

The divers and fishers adopted disturbances today urging the manufacturers to "show their opposition to lawlessness by granting a reasonable wage advance" to meet the high cost of living.

BUDAPEST SOVIETS HAVE APPEALED TO WILSON

Vienna, Thursday, May 1.—(By A. P.)—The Budapest soviet government has appealed to President Wilson to prevent the onward march of the troops encircling Hungary. The appeal says it is time that war's bloody crime was stopped; that the soviet government is making an honest effort for good government, and that it has kept order despite the slanderous reports to the contrary circulated by enemies who fled the country.

URGES GENERAL WOOD AS CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT

Washington, May 4.—Senator Moses of New Hampshire, republican, issued a statement tonight urging the nomination of Major General Leonard Wood as the republican candidate for president in 1924.

The New Hampshire senator said the republicans of his state were preparing to present General Wood's name at the party's national convention.

CALL FOR MEETING OF SONS OF TEMPERANCE

Manchester, Conn., May 4.—E. L. G. Hohenbuhl, most worthy patriarch of the national division, Sons of Temperance of North America, today issued a call for the 75th annual session of the organization, which will be held in Grand Fraternity Hall, Philadelphia, on June 15.

THOUSANDS MARCHED THROUGH THE RED-BANNED STREETS OF BUDAPEST—SIDEWALKS WERE CROWDED WITH MEN, WOMEN AND GIRLS FLAUNTING RED RIBBONS—FIREFY SPEECHES WERE MADE IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE CITY, BUT THERE WAS ABSOLUTELY NO DISORDER

Thousands of Red Troops Marched Through the Red-Banned Streets of Budapest—Sidewalks Were Crowded With Men, Women and Girls Flaunting Red Ribbons—Firey Speeches Were Made in Various Parts of the City, But There Was Absolutely No Disorder.

Budapest, Thursday, May 1.—(By The A. P.)—May day has been an orgy of red. Thousands of red troops marched to red music through red-banned streets. The sidewalks were crowded with men, women and girls flaunting red ribbons. Street cars were red, automobiles were red, railway stations and lamp posts were red. In squares and on street corners were huge red wooden stands on which were emblazoned the statement, "This is the day of freedom, and world brotherhood."

There were also numerous plaster casts of Lenin and Karl Marx, some of them twenty feet high. The red celebration continued all day and all night and red electric lights added to the crimson hue after dark.

There were fiery speeches in different parts of the city by Kun and other leaders of the soviet. The total cost of this effort to make a red letter day for Hungarian communism was twelve million marks taken from the banks of the country.

Bela Kun declared that the people could at least remember forever what had been tried and as said privately that no matter if communism failed it could be said that it went out in a blaze of glory. The imagination of Hungary's best artists and artisans was employed to make the celebration a success from this viewpoint it did not fail.

The most remarkable feature of the situation now prevailing is the fact that there is absolutely no disorder.

RULING MADE ON THE NEW REVENUE ACT

Washington, May 4.—Taxes imposed under the new revenue act upon sales of automobiles, watches, jewelry and other articles of value, were explained by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Roper in a series of rulings made public today.

The tax on sales by a manufacturer, producer or importer, the commissioner has ruled, is payable by the seller or his agent and is measured by the price for which the article is sold and not on the list price when that difference is more than 10 per cent. payable on a sale whether or not the purchase price is actually collected and discount for cash or made subsequently to the sale, may not be deducted. It is an article increased in price to cover the tax, the tax on the increased price is not payable.

The manufacturers' taxes cover a number of articles including automobiles, parts and accessories, musical instruments, watches, jewelry, furs and fire arms and ranges from three per cent. on automobile trucks and wagons to 100 per cent. on diamonds and precious stones.

The jewelry sales tax is five per cent. and applies to articles to be worn for the purpose of adornment, according to the ruling. The terms of the tax include jewelry in the form of a hand bag or in the pocket such as cigarette cases, powder boxes and purses are taxable as jewelry only if ornamented with precious stones.

The new tax on transportation is interpreted by Commissioner Roper as applying to the sale of automobiles, transportation operating in competition with rail or water carries. Tickets sold in the United States to points in Mexico, Central America, the Caribbean for less than 42 cents are not taxable.

IRELAND'S PLEA TO THE PEACE CONFERENCE

New York, May 4.—Ireland's plea to the peace conference for complete separation from the British empire and for full independence, State Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, chairman of the Irish delegation, declared in a statement issued tonight to "clear up misunderstandings among the people of America as to what the Irish are seeking."

As designator of the committee of the peace conference, Mr. Cohalan, Dunne and Michael J. Ryan—before the peace conference, Justice Cohalan said in his statement to deny the story circulated here by friends of England that the Irish desired only "some reform, some redress of grievances, some lightening of the burdens of taxation."

The people of Ireland voted overwhelmingly last December for an Irish republic.

TRANSPORT WILHELMINA HAS ARRIVED AT BOSTON

Boston, May 4.—The transport Wilhelmina, with 73 officers and 151 men and 1000 horses, arrived here today and was escorted by the harbor by a fleet of welcoming boats bearing official messages. On the way to the 20th Field Artillery, 57th Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters, 324th Bakery Company and several caissons.

With the escort of forty who were to be discharged at Camp Devens, the troops will be sent to camps in various parts of the United States for demobilization.

A FORMER BAVARIAN MINISTER SHOT BY TROOPS

London, May 4.—Gustav Landauer, minister of justice, who recently fled from Munich, has been shot by government troops at Bamberg, according to a dispatch from the German Exchange Telegraph Company.

WOMAN AT BARRE, VT. FOUND DEAD

Barre, Vt., May 4.—The body of Mrs. Harry B. Broadhead, 29 years old, was found in a garden at North Main street early today with her throat bound tightly with a white cloth. The body was found in a garden at North Main street early today with her throat bound tightly with a white cloth. The body was found in a garden at North Main street early today with her throat bound tightly with a white cloth.

FOOD FAMINE IN SERBIA HAS BEEN AVERTED

Washington, May 4.—The food famine and typhus epidemic which threatened Serbia have been averted through the efforts of the United States administration and the American Red Cross forces, the headquarters of the latter agency was notified today in a message from Red Cross headquarters at Sankuik. The dispatch said that the Red Cross in addition to assisting the Serbian hospitals, has distributed in the past few months 1,500,000 pounds of supplies in the southern portion of Serbia where condition were the most serious.

"LOST BATTALION" SHELLS BY FRIENDLY ARTILLERY

New York, May 4.—Much of the withering fire to which the famous "Lost Battalion" of the Seventy-Seventh division was subjected during its gallant stand in the Argonne forest was from "supposedly friendly" artillery. This command of October 7, being convinced that the command had surrendered.

General Alexander asserted that reference to Lieutenant Colonel Whittlesby's men as the "lost battalion" as well as references to their "rescue" were inaccurate.

"Major Whittlesby" (later promoted to a lieutenant colonel), said the statement, "conducted his command to the objective designated for him by the division commander and held his position until the remainder of the division was able to move up to him. He held it until it was too late to be rescued."

EX-PRINCE TO EMIGRATE TO AMERICA

Joachim Hohenzollern, former prince, and youngest son of the former German Emperor, who it is reported, hopes to emigrate to America after peace is signed.

JOACHIM HOHENZOLLERN, FORMER PRINCE, AND YOUNGEST SON OF THE FORMER GERMAN EMPEROR, WHO IT IS REPORTED, HOPES TO EMIGRATE TO AMERICA AFTER PEACE IS SIGNED.

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